INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Bingham Memorial Hospital

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bingham Memorial Hospital, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, remeasurement gains, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2019, and its results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for Government Notfor-Profit Organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of Bingham Memorial Hospital for the year ended March 31, 2018 were audited by Collins Barrow Gagné Gagnon Bisson Hébert which became Baker Tilly HKC effective January 7, 2019.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for Government Not-for-Profit Organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, (CONT'D)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licenced Public Accountants

Baker Tilly HKC

June 13, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

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STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	2 Bud (Unaudit	0	2019 ctual	2018 Actual
REVENUES				
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, schedule 1 Ontario Health Insurance Other patient care revenue	\$ 7,331,8 47,2 494,5	250 12	7,232 \$ 2,599 7,065	7,164,760 44,720 456,432
Recoveries and other revenue Investment income Gain on disposition of capital assets	84,5	500 120 500 10),316),321 3,778	81,605 24,667 33,222
Realized gains on disposition of investments Amortization of deferred capital contributions -	-	154	,168	-
equipment and software	8,005,0		2,079	22,016 7,827,422
EXPENSES				
Salaries and wages, schedule 2 Employee benefits	3,945,6 1,210,3	353 1,085	,495	3,547,365 1,040,820
Medical staff remuneration Supplies and other expenses, schedule 3 Medical and surgical supplies	917,3 1,581,5 91,0	511 1,469 000 59	,449	910,442 1,597,390 56,515
Drugs and medical gases Loss on disposition of capital assets Amortization of equipment and software	132,1 - 122,0	1	9,546 1,125 1,114	54,793 - 107,230
• •	8,000,0			7,314,555
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	5,0	573 750	,707	512,867
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - buildings	225,0		1,077	247,450
Amortization of buildings	(225,0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,888)	(297,262)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		·	,811)	(49,812)
BEFORE OTHER VOTES	5,6	573 718	5,896	463,055
OTHER VOTES - MUNICIPAL LEVY Revenue Expense	·		3,000 3,000)	3,000 (3,000)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 5,0	573 \$ 718	- 5,896 \$	463,055

STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

		2019	2018
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	150,100 \$	154,301
UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS REALIZED GAINS ON DISPOSITION OF INVESTMENTS		4,068 (154,168)	(4,201)
DECREASE IN ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS	_	(150,100)	(4,201)
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS, END OF YEAR	\$	- \$	150,100

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	Ca	Invested in apital Assets (note 12)	Unrestricted	Total 2019	Total 2018
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	1,322,135 \$	2,816,668 \$	4,138,803 \$	3,679,949
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		-	718,896	718,896	463,055
NET CHANGE IN INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS (note 12)		1,058,849	(1,058,849)	-	-
DECREASE IN ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS		-	(150,100)	(150,100)	(4,201)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	2,380,984 \$	2,326,615 \$	4,707,599 \$	4,138,803

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

MARCH 31, 2019

		2019	2018
ASSETS CHERENT AGGETG			
CURRENT ASSETS	\$	602 \$	79 125
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (note 4)	Þ	394,473	78,125 248,561
Inventories		145,855	153,668
Short-term investments (note 5)		156,881	530,414
Due from MICs Group of Health Services (note 6)		3,038,705	2,343,633
		3,736,516	3,354,401
INVESTMENTS (note 7)		_	649,577
CAPITAL ASSETS (note 8)		6,048,884	4,688,962
	\$	9,785,400 \$	8,692,940
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 9)	\$	583,505 \$	395,895
Deferred revenue		130,057	130,095
		713,562	525,990
POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (note 10)		665,876	628,915
DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (note 11)		3,698,363	3,399,232
		5,077,801	4,554,137
NET ASSETS			
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS (note 12)		2,380,984	1,322,135
UNRESTRICTED		2,326,615	2,816,668
		4,707,599	4,138,803
	\$	9,785,400 \$	8,692,940

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS - note 15

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of the board

Director

Director

Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	2019	2018
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 718,896 \$	463,055
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of capital assets - buildings	342,888	297,262
Amortization of capital assets - equipment and software	123,114	107,230
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - buildings	(311,077)	(247,450)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - equipment and software	(21,600)	(22,016)
Accrual for post-employment benefits	36,961	23,166
Gain on disposition of capital assets	(68,778)	(33,222)
Loss on disposition of capital assets	1,125	(92.742)
Transfer of deferred capital contributions to accounts payable	(28,899)	(83,742)
Realized gains on disposition of investments	 (154,168)	
Changes in	638,462	504,283
Changes in: Accounts receivable	(145,912)	120,729
Inventories	7,813	(18,341)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	187,610	248,431
Deferred revenue	(38)	1,807
Deterred revenue	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,007
	 687,935	856,909
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments	(262,793)	(559,162)
Proceeds on disposition of investments	1,289,971	581,167
Troccous on disposition of investments		
	 1,027,178	22,005
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances from MICs Group of Health Services	8,741,860	8,062,921
Advances to MICs Group of Health Services	(9,436,932)	(8,512,878)
	(695,072)	(449,957)
CADITAL ACTIVITIES		
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Description of control accepts	(1.962.202)	(1 249 240)
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds of disposition of capital assets	(1,862,203) 103,932	(1,348,240) 43,332
Proceeds of disposition of capital assets Capital contributions received	660,707	937,065
Capital contributions received	 000,707	937,003
	 (1,097,564)	(367,843)
CHANGE IN CASH POSITION	(77,523)	61,114
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 78,125	17,011
CASH POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 602 \$	78,125

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Hospital, incorporated under the Ontario Business Corporation Act, without share capital, operates a Hospital under the Charitable Institutions Act, at 507 8th Ave, Matheson, Ontario. The Hospital is a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for Government Not-for-Profit Organizations including the 4200 series of standards as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board and includes the following significant accounting policies:

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements include the assets, liabilities and activities of the Hospital. The revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the Hospital Auxiliary and the MICs Healthcare Foundation are not reflected in these financial statements except to the extent that the funds have been received from or disbursed to them.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The financial statements have been prepared using the deferral method of accounting. Under the deferral method, revenues are recorded in the period to which they relate.

Under the Health Insurance Act and the regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the North East Local Health Integration Network (North East LHIN) in accordance with the terms and conditions in the Hospital Service Accountability Agreement.

Unrestricted contributions, including operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not yet received at the end of the year are accrued.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Grants, donations and other contributions received for the acquisition of specific capital assets are recorded as deferred capital contributions and recognized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Revenue from the provincial insurance plans, and uninsured patients, operational revenue and other services and recoveries are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be recorded can be reasonably estimated and the collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONT'D)

INVENTORIES

Inventories of all hospital supplies are valued at the lower of average cost and replacement value and include only those supplies located in central storage areas and not supplies that have been issued to departments for direct patient care.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The acquisition of capital assets are recorded at their historical cost less amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services or the value of future economic benefits associated with the capital asset is less than its net book value, the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the decline in the asset's value. The write-down is recorded in the statement of operations.

Amortization is calculated on a straight line basis using rates as set out in the Ontario Health Care Reporting System Guidelines. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Land improvements8 yearsBuildings10-40 yearsEquipment5-20 yearsSoftware3-5 years

The cost of capital projects in progress is recorded as capital assets and no amortization is taken until the project is substantially completed and the asset is ready for productive use. The Hospital allocates salary and benefit costs when personnel work directly in managing or implementing the capital project.

CONTRIBUTED SERVICES AND MATERIALS

Volunteers contribute significant hours of their time each year to assist the Hospital in carrying out certain charitable activities. The fair value of these contributed services is not readily determinable and, as such, is not reflected in these financial statements. Contributed materials are also not recognized in these financial statements.

FUNDING

Under the current funding policy, the Hospital is essentially funded by using a budget base approved by the North East Local Health Integration Network. The Hospital is allowed to retain any excess of revenues over expenses derived from its operations and, conversely, retains responsibility for any deficit it may occur.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONT'D)

RETIREMENT AND POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Hospital provides defined retirement and post-employment benefits for certain employee groups. These benefits include pension, extended health care, dental and life insurance. The Hospital has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

Multi-employer defined benefit pension

Substantially all of the employees of the Hospital are eligible to be members of the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP"), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit, final average earnings, contributory pension plan. Defined contribution plan accounting is applied to HOOPP, whereby contributions are expensed when due, as the Hospital has insufficient information to apply defined benefit accounting.

Post-employment benefits

- i) The costs of post-employment future benefits are actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages, health care costs, disability recovery rates and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight line basis.
- ii) Past service costs (if any) arising from plan amendments are immediately recognized.
- iii) The discount rate used in the determination of the above-mentioned liability is the discount rate recommended by the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Hospital records its financial instruments at either fair value or amortized cost. The Hospital's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair Value

This category includes derivatives and equity instruments quoted in an active market. The Hospital has designated its cash and cash equivalents and its investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (CONT'D)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, (CONT'D)

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the fair value category are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed from net assets and recognized in the statement of operations.

Amortized cost

This category includes accounts receivable, due from MICs Group of Health Services and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Write-downs on financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the statement of operations.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards for Government Not-for-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts, the useful life of capital assets, the actuarial estimation of post-employment benefits, accrued liabilities and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT CLASSIFICATION

The following table provides cost and fair value information of financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk would be the carrying value as shown below:

				2019		
				Amortized		_
		Fair Value		Cost		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	602	\$	-	\$	602
Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	394,473	\$	394,473
Short-term investments	\$	156,881	\$	-	\$	156,881
Due from MICs Group of Health Services	\$	-	\$	3,038,705	\$	3,038,705
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	583,505	\$	583,505
				2018		
				Amortized		
		Fair Value		Cost		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,125	\$	-	\$	78,125
Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	248,561	\$	248,561
Short-term investments	\$	530,414	\$	-	\$	530,414
			-	0 0 10 500	4-	0 0 10 500
Due from MICs Group of Health Services	\$	-	\$	2,343,633	\$	2,343,633
Due from MICs Group of Health Services Investments	\$ \$	- 649,577	\$ \$	2,343,633	\$ \$	2,343,633 649,577

The following provides details of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1: Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities using the last bid price;

Level 2: Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);

Level 3: Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and investments are considered Level 1 fair value. There were no transfers between levels for the year ended March 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

4	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	\mathbf{F}_{-}

	2019	2018
Insurers and patients HST rebates receivable Other receivables	\$ 61,846 \$ 323,135 9,492	56,474 147,416 44,671
	\$ 394,473 \$	248,561

5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

	2019 Cost	Fai	2019 r Market Value	2018 Cost	Fair	2018 Market Value
Guaranteed Investment Certificates, earning interest at a rates between 1.10% and 2.20%, matured in June 2018 and September 2018	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 372,798	\$	374,468
Guaranteed Investment Certificate, earning interest at a rate of 1.60%, maturing in April 2020, carried at fair market value	156,881		156,881	155,946		155,946
	\$ 156,881	\$	156,881	\$ 528,744	\$	530,414

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

6. DUE FROM MICS GROUP OF HEALTH SERVICES

The Hospital exercises significant influence over the MICs Group of Health Services (MICs) by virtue of it being a member of the Partnership and its ability to appoint some of the members of the Board of Directors. The Partnership was established to increase opportunities for collaboration between its member hospitals (Bingham Memorial Hospital, Anson General Hospital and Lady Minto Hospital) in the sharing of costs and provision of health services. The Partnership is a non-profit organization.

Included in the Hospital's expenses for the year is \$5,043,831 (2018 - \$4,814,687) paid or payable to the Partnership for the Hospital's share of various cost functions primarily administration and support services. The share of costs to participating hospitals are set by a methodology agreed to by the Board on a cost recovery basis. The deficiency of amounts paid or to be paid by MICs on behalf of the Hospital over amounts received by MICs on behalf of the Hospital is noted below:

	2019	2018
Due from MICS Group of Health Services	\$ 3,038,705 \$	2,343,633

The balance due from MICs Group of Health Services is unsecured, non-interest bearing with no specific terms of repayment. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Information systems network, software and hardware, as well as office equipment shared by the three participating hospitals are recorded as capital assets and the respective Hospital's share of the related costs are recorded when the capital assets are amortized. Any capital contributions, grants or donations received for the acquisition of capital assets are deferred and the respective Hospital's share of the related revenue is recorded when the contribution is amortized.

During the year, the Hospital transferred \$940,280 of investments to the MICs Group of Health Services Partnership as part of their new investment strategy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

7. INVESTMENTS

	2019 2019 Fair Market 2018 Cost Value Cost				2018 Fair Market Value	
Mutual funds, carried at fair market value	\$	- 5	· -	\$	501,147	\$ 649,577

The above investments include restricted investments of \$ nil (2018 - \$ 74,126) held for use for physician recruitment and retention.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

		Cost	<u>t </u>	Accumulated Amortization	2019 Net	2018 Net	
Land Land improvements	\$	159,212 172,227	\$	- 75,488	\$ 159,212 \$ 96,739	159,212 114,065	
Buildings		10,603,627 3,167,206		5,697,949 2,279,951	4,905,678 887,255	3,904,415 511,270	
Equipment Software	_	115,560		115,560	-	-	
	\$	14,217,832	\$	8,168,948	\$ 6,048,884 \$	4,688,962	

As at March 31, 2019, there were \$479,479 (2018 - \$918,284) of capital projects in progress. These assets were not amortized.

During the year, the Hospital wrote-off \$ 419,907 in equipment that was no longer in use, disposed of or fully amortized which resulted in a loss on disposition of capital assets of \$ 1,125.

9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2019	2018
Trades payable and accrued liabilities Ministry of Health and Long Term Care	\$ 542,048 \$ 41,457	298,899 96,996
	\$ 583,505 \$	395,895

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE

The Hospital extends post-employment extended health coverage, dental benefits and life insurance to certain employee groups subsequent to their retirement. The Hospital recognizes these benefits as they are earned during the employees' tenure of service. The related liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated May 6, 2019 for the year ended March 31, 2019. The following tables outlines the components of the Hospital's accrued post-employment benefit liability and benefit expense:

ACCRUED BENEFIT LIABILITY

ACCROED BENEFIT LIABILI		Hospital	Share of MICS	2019 Total	2018 Total
Accrued benefit obligation	\$	556,958 \$	89,936 \$	646,894 \$	616,002
(gain)		30,049	(11,067)	2S Total 36 \$ 646,894 \$ 67) 18,982 69 \$ 665,876 \$ 2019 Total 58 \$ 616,002 \$ 41) 12,913 17 628,915 66 30,828 72 21,020 92 (1,401) 30 50,447 78) (13,486)	12,913
Accrued benefit liability	\$	587,007 \$	78,869 \$	665,876 \$	628,915
BENEFIT EXPENSE					
		Hospital	Share of MICS		2018 Total
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	532,044 \$	83,958 \$	616,002 \$	558,971
Unamortized actuarial loss (gain)		22,254	(9,341)	12,913	46,778
A come d han effet lightilites					
beginning of year		554,298	74,617	628,915	605,749
Current service cost		25,962	4,866	,	24,213
Interest on obligation		18,148	2,872	21,020	19,997
(gain)	Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Standard actuarial loss 30,049 Ed benefit liability FIT EXPENSE Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Standard actuarial loss 22,254 Ed benefit liability, sing of year Standard actuarial loss at service cost at on obligation lization of actuarial loss at service cost at on obligation lization of actuarial loss (2,393) At expense 41,717 At payment (9,008)	992	(1,401)	(6,236)	
Benefit expense		41,717	8,730	50,447	37,974
Benefit payment		(9,008)	(4,478)	(13,486)	(14,808)
Accrued benefit liability, end					
of year	\$	587,007 \$	78,869 \$	665,876 \$	628,915

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE, (CONT'D)

The above amounts exclude contributions to the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan, a multiemployer plan, described in note 13.

The major actuarial assumptions employed for the valuations are as follows:

Discount rate

The present value of the future benefits was determined using a discount rate of 3.18% (2018 - 3.37%) which is the discount rate recommended by the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care.

Extended Health Coverage

Extended Health Coverage is assumed to increase at a rate of 8% per annum (2018 - 8%) and decrease proportionately thereafter by 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% (2018 - 4.5%).

Dental costs

Dental costs is assumed to increase at 4% per annum (2018 - 4%).

Sensitivity of results

The impact of a 1% change in the above rates for extended health coverage and dental costs is as follows:

	1% increase		1%	1% decrease	
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$	53,249		(46,365)	
Current service cost, next year	\$	6,596		(4,956)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

11. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The changes in the deferred capital contributions balances are as follows:

		2019	2018
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED Balance, beginning of year	\$	10,872,239 \$	10,018,916
Funding received during the year	4	660,707	937,065
Transfer of deferred capital contributions to accounts payable		(28,899)	(83,742)
Balance, end of year		11,504,047	10,872,239
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION			
Balance, beginning of year		(7,473,007)	(7,203,541)
Amortization - buildings		(311,077)	(247,450)
Amortization - equipment and software		(21,600)	(22,016)
Balance, end of year		(7,805,684)	(7,473,007)
NET DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	3,698,363 \$	3,399,232

Included in deferred capital contributions are donations and grants reserved for the purchase of capital assets that are unspent. Unspent contributions are subject to recovery by the funder. These contributions are comprised of:

	 2019	2018
Donations	\$ 30,463 \$	32,405

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

12. INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

		2019	2018
Capital assets	\$	6,048,884 \$	4,688,962
Deferred capital contributions	Ψ	(3,698,363)	(3,399,232)
Unspent deferred capital contributions (note 11)		30,463	32,405
	\$	2,380,984 \$	1,322,135
The inter-fund transfer and the change in invested in capital			
assets is calculated as follows:		2019	2018
CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets	\$	1,862,203 \$	1,348,240
Amortization of capital assets - buildings		(342,888)	(297,262)
Amortization of capital assets - equipment and software		(123,114)	(107,230)
Proceeds of disposition of capital assets		(103,932)	(43,332)
Gain on disposition of capital assets		68,778	33,222
Loss on disposition of capital assets	-	(1,125)	-
		1,359,922	933,638
DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS ACTIVITIES			
Capital contributions received during the year		(660,707)	(937,065)
Transfer of deferred capital contributions to accounts payable		28,899	83,742
Transfer to (from) unspent deferred capital contributions		(1,942)	9,819
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - buildings		311,077	247,450
Amortization of deferred capital contributions - equipment and software		21,600	22,016
		(301,073)	(574,038)
	\$	1,058,849 \$	359,600

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

13. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Substantially all of the Hospital's employees are members of the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan"), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Hospital Association. Contributions to the plan made during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$290,578 (2018 - \$285,642) and are included in the statement of operations. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Hospital's pension benefit expenses. Any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of member organizations and their employees. As a result, the organization does not recognize any share of the Plan's surplus or deficit. No contributing employer or employee has any liability, directly or indirectly, to provide the benefits established by this plan beyond the obligation to make contributions pursuant to the Plan policies. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan at December 31, 2018 indicated that the Plan is fully funded on a solvency basis.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

MICs Healthcare Foundation is a corporation without share capital jointly controlled by the three participating hospitals of the MICs Group of Health Services partnership. It has its own Board of Directors. The Foundation was incorporated primarily for the purpose of raising funds for the use by the three hospitals (Bingham Memorial Hospital, Anson General Hospital and Lady Minto Hospital). Transactions are valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The financial results of the Foundation is not consolidated in the financial statements of the Hospital.

15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- a) The nature of the Hospital's activities are such that there is usually litigation pending or in progress at any one time. With respect to claims as at March 31, 2019, it is management's position that the Hospital has valid defences and appropriate insurance coverage in place. In the unlikely event any claims are successful, such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the Hospital's financial position.
- b) The MICs Group of Health Services is part of a collective group of employers participating in the process of formulating a central pay equity plan for a particular employee group. The possible ultimate liability arising to the Hospital on completion of the plan is currently not determinable.
- c) As at March 31, 2019, the Hospital has a further commitment of \$ 290,071 in relation to current capital projects in progress.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

16. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Hospital receives the majority of its revenue through a funding agreement with the North East Local Integration Network. The Hospital's continued operations are dependent on this funding agreement and on satisfying the terms of the agreement.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT

CREDIT RISK

The Hospital is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-payment by their debtors for their accounts receivable. Credit risk arises from the possibility that these individuals may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The hospital is exposed to this risk relating to its cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and investments and amounts due from MICs Group of Health Services.

The Hospital holds its cash account with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Deposit Insurance Corporation of Ontario.

Accounts receivable are generally due from government agencies, insurers and patients and other. The Hospital measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. An impairment allowance is recorded based on the Hospital's historical experience regarding collections. The amounts outstanding as at March 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Total	Current	31-60 days	61-90 days	90+ days
Insurers and patients HST rebates Other	\$ 61,846 \$ 323,135 9,492	51,425 \$ 323,135 5,823	3,895 \$ - -	2,779 \$ - -	3,747 - 3,669
	\$ 394,473 \$	380,383 \$	3,895 \$	2,779 \$	7,416

The Hospital performs ongoing evaluations of their accounts receivable and maintains provisions for potential credit losses to minimize credit risk.

The Hospital's investment policy puts limits on the bond portfolio including portfolio composition units, issuer type limits, bond quality limits, aggregate issuer limits, corporate sector limits and general guidelines for geographic exposure. Investments are monitored by management and measured for performance on a regular basis.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK MANAGEMENT, (CONT'D)

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk results from the Hospital's potential inability to meet its obligations associated with the financial liabilities as they become due. The Hospital mitigates this risk by monitoring its operations and cash flows to ensure that current and future obligations will be met. The Hospital believes that its current sources of liquidity are sufficient to cover its currently known short and long-term cash obligations.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk. Market risk for the Hospital lies mostly in the potential loss related to the volatility of interest rates. The interest rate risk is related to the adverse fluctuation of the interest rate on investment revenue, on fair value of investments and on economic value of net assets. Conservative management is exercised to minimize the impact of any eventual fluctuation of interest rates.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

SCHEDULES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

SCHEDULE OF MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND LONG-TERM CARE					
		2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	
North East LHIN - Base allocation Ministry of Health - Physician specific Ministry of Health - One-time funding	\$	6,338,084 \$ 888,800 105,000	6,315,727 \$ 822,414 119,091	6,191,927 872,450 100,383	
	\$	7,331,884 \$	7,257,232 \$	7,164,760	
SCHEDULE OF SALARIES AND WAGES				Schedule 2	
		2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	
Nursing services Diagnostic and therapeutic Education Administration and other	\$	2,215,987 \$ 641,153 20,261 1,068,276	2,117,796 \$ 490,491 16,244 1,132,660	2,021,923 482,955 19,766 1,022,721	
	\$	3,945,677 \$	3,757,191 \$	3,547,365	
SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES AND OTHER EXP	ENSES			Schedule 3	
		2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	
Nursing services Diagnostic and therapeutic Education Administration and other	\$	45,750 \$ 455,200 42,060 1,038,501	120,378 \$ 375,211 20,548 952,982	109,993 412,770 27,427 1,047,200	
	\$	1,581,511 \$	1,469,119 \$	1,597,390	